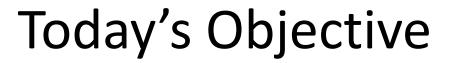
Team Charter events Building best teams

SERGE LOIJENS







Experience creating a team charter/contract that supports every team member being aligned on goals, roles and behavioural norms

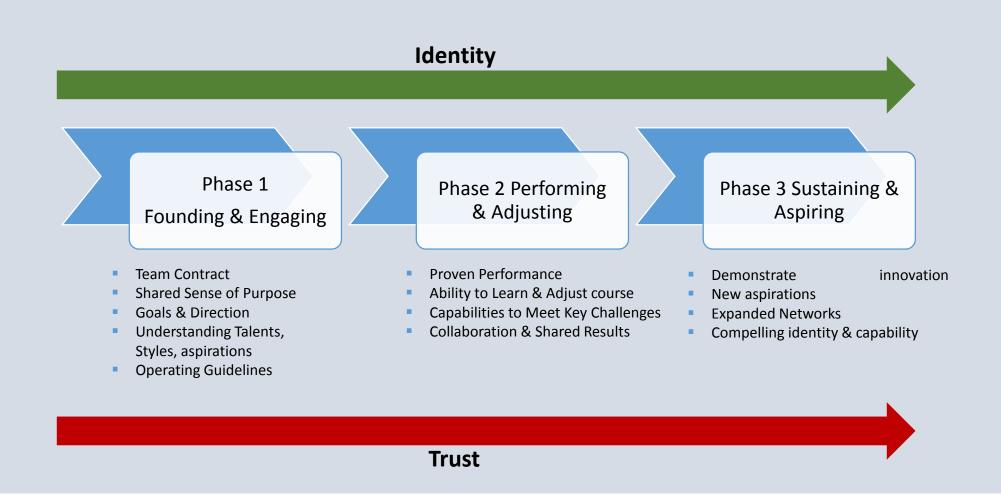
Well designed teams that start on a good track tend to perform even better as time passes

teams?

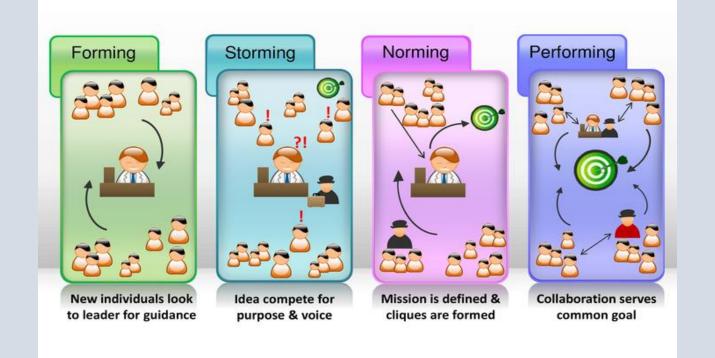
What is the difference between a good and a bad team?



What is a typical Team Journey?

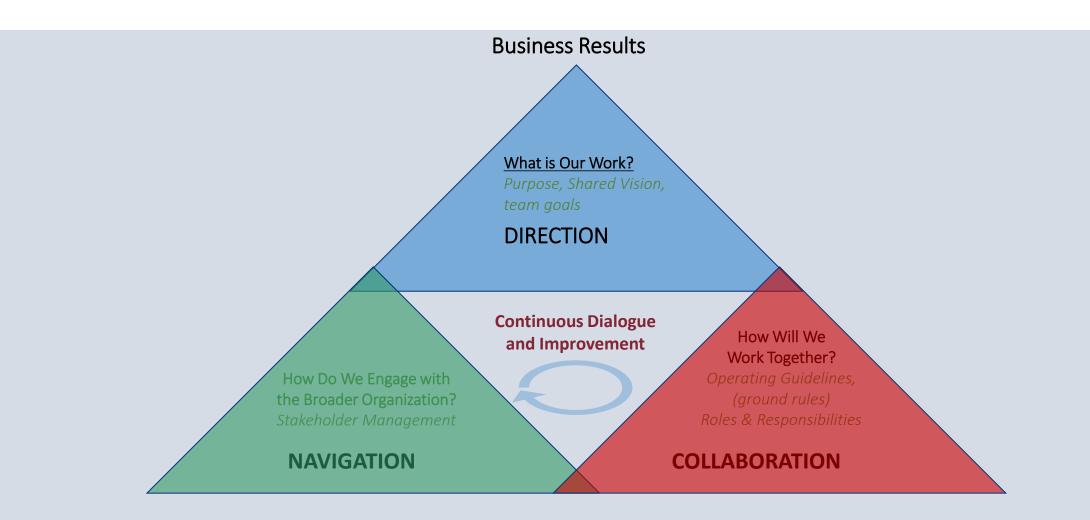


The first phase further explored

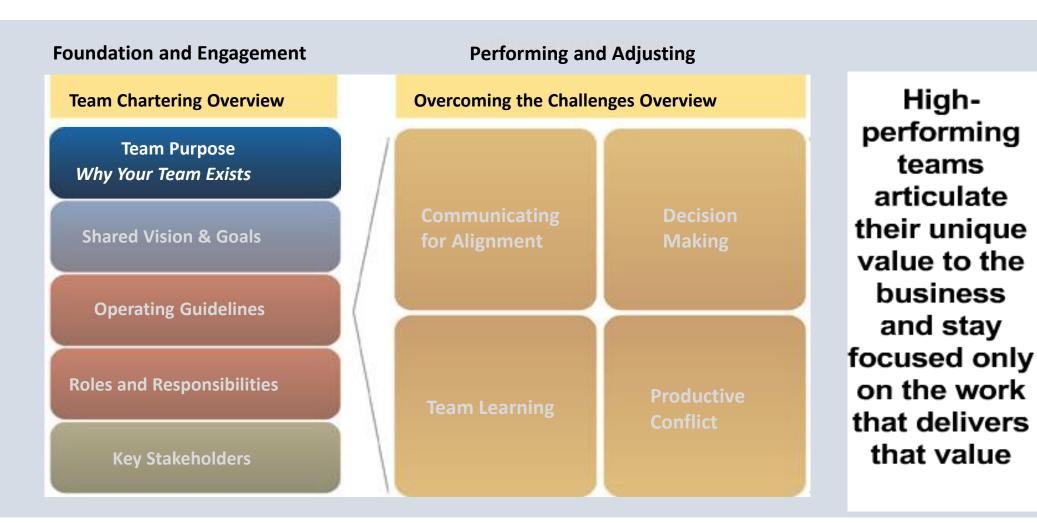


Team Chartering (Establishing a Team Contract) helps in moving toward 'performing'

Team Charter Framework



CONTENT OF A Team Charter



Lets do a mini event together!

You are part of a new brand team that is expected to launch a new innovative medicine (oncology/lung cancer) in 24 months from today. A team charter event was been scheduled. The team consists out of representatives of: Marketing, Medical Affairs, Value & Access, Sales and Business Analysis



Today's Rules of Engagement (or agreements)

- Respect the values
- Contribute
- Be open
- Appreciate any feedback



Take 100% responsibility for your 50% of a relationship

What does a Team Charter event look like?

Sequence of Modules:

- 1. Team Purpose
- 2. Shared Vision and goals
- 3. Operating guidelines
- 4. Trust (bank account exercise)
- 5. Roles and Responsibilities
- 6. Key Stakeholders

Recommendations:

- Complete face-to-face
- Plan to spend about a half day to establish your team charter
- It is modular...you don't have to complete it all at once
- Regularly review and update Team Charter



1. Team Purpose

what are the characteristics?

- Describes explicitly why you exist as a team
- Describes your unique value to the organization
- Clarifies your scope of work
- The team needs to be aligned on the purpose



This is Your Elevator Speech

1.Team Purpose

It is a simple and impactful one sentence statement

What we do For what purpose/goal To/for who/what (verb) (outcome) (subject) Deliver Sales/revenue Customers Provide Managers **Products Produce** Departments Customer satisfaction Sell A geography Costs Efficiency Ensure Reduce risk Quality People

So what....

1.Team Purpose

please define your Team Purpose



- Each of you get 6 post-it's
- Each of you write 2 suggestions for the verb, subject
 & outcome
- All team members put them on a wall
- We jointly cluster them
- Leader takes the input and defines a draft proposed purpose to the team



Group 1: Be prepared to do a plenary report-out

what is the team's dot on the horizon?

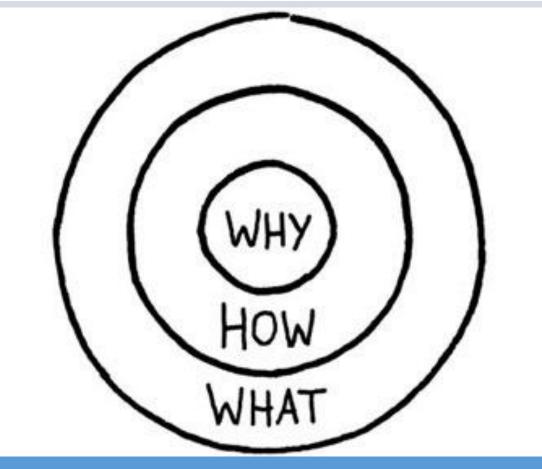
- Aspirational: It creates the right amount of "stretch"
- Compelling: It engages and connects with people
- Directional: It allows for translation into action



Shared Vision describes Desired Results in a context that matters to the business

How to Articulate a Shared Vision?

- Focuses on the *result*, not the process
- What success looks like
- Identifies what you aspire, not what you think is possible
- Is clear and specific enough so that you'd know it if you had it
- Stated in the present as if you already have it
- Is shared



What we want to accomplish in

year(s) is...

Vision examples







Fill the earth with the light and warmth of hospitality

To Create a Better Everyday Life for the Many

A computer on every desk and in every home

please define your shared vision





- Private Collection Define your vision for your team/brand
- Share and put your input on a wall
- Jointly cluster them
- Teamlead takes the input and defines a draft shared vision to the team



- Split the team in half
- One half completes the Fortune poster and the other half the Misfortune poster
- List and combine the key take aways
- Teamlead takes the input and defines a draft shared vision to the team

why operating guidelines are important



- Align expectations on "rules of the game"
- Deal effectively with interdependence and conflict
- Enhance open communication, and reinforce trust and team identity over time



3. Operating guidelines what do we mean with operating guidelines?

- Explicitly stated principles that describe how a group intends to interact to achieve its Shared Vision
- Based on organizational, team and individual values
- Used to guide day-to-day behavior, interactions and decision making
- Appropriate for any type of team with performance goals – managerial, project, ad hoc, etc.



Examples of questions to consider

How We Prioritize Our Work

- How can we separate what is urgent from what is important so that we avoid "fire fighting"?
- If we lose our focus on our priorities, how might we productively refocus our attention on our Team Vision?

How We Decide

- How can we ensure our decisions stick, without having to revisit them repeatedly?
- How do we ensure decisions get made when everyone feels the need to have a voice on the issue?

How We Interact Inside the Team

- How do we ensure that all team issues are discussed when the team is together?
- How do we keep the team up to date when attendance to our meetings varies?

How We Interact Outside the Team

- How do we speak with a common voice about issues when confronted with external challenges?
- How do we balance the individual's functional priorities with those of the team?

How Do We Prioritize, Decide, Interact and Handle Conflict

please define your operating guidelines?

10
MINUTES

- Do private collection
- Put your input on the flip
- Jointly discuss and Cluster
- Teamlead takes input and proposes draft operating guidelines to the team
- Team validates



Your topics are Prioritizing, Decision making and Conflict handling

how to support Trust?



Trust is like a bank account, based on experiences we either make deposits or withdrawals

Establish in the team what attitude and behaviors

- Build Trust
- Destroy Trust



Example of trust bank account

Trust builders

- © Engage and listen to understand each other
- © Be transparent and honest in communicating to each other
- © Give appropriate praise and recognition after successes and achievements
- © Give frequent and constructive feedback
- © Socialize and show genuine interest in one another
- © Be accountable for your decisions and actions
- © Deliver on what you promise
- © We got each other's back
- © Operate with one voice towards the organization
- © Contribute beyond your function
- © Act with: Amgen first, Affiliate second and Function third

Trust destroyers

- ! Personally criticizing each other
- ! Talking about someone instead of talking with someone
- ! Not delivering on promises and responsibilities
- ! Loss of emotional self control
- ! Withholding relevant information

Speeddating, a Sample of follow-up

- List for all:
 - 1 piece of positive feedback
 - 1 piece of critical feedback
- Rotate and have 5 minute feedback conversations
- No defensive responses allowed
- Collect the feedback that you received
- Report-out on your personal insights and learnings



There are even more sophisticated approaches using trust cheques

please define your operating guidelines



- Do private collection
- Put your input on the flip
- Jointly discuss and Cluster
- Teamlead takes input and proposes draft operating to the team
- Team Validates



Your topics are how to communicate in the team and ensure trust

4. Roles & Responsibilities

Why clarity is critical?

- Team fulfills purpose and achieves desired goals in an efficient and timely manner
- Improves collaboration among members
- Enables team to adjust more easily to changing work requirements
- Team can better leverage members' individual strengths and expertise



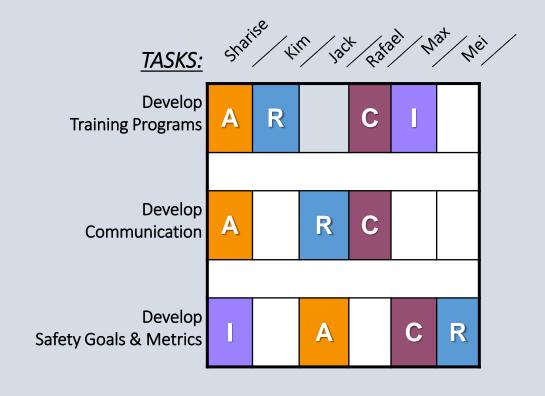
4. Roles and responsibilities assign roles based on 2 considerations

"Responsibilities": "Team Role": Job/Role in **Ongoing: Tasks and outcomes** Your contribution to and Company generally associated with role purpose on team **New: Responsibilities and** accountabilities that must be assigned to new tasks (RACI) 3 **Expertise** and "Ad-Hoc Roles and Responsibilities": **Talents** • Temporary team support functions - e.g., Facilitator, Team Communications Manager, Time-keeper, Project Manager Technical/functional Problem-solving • Temporary assignments or projects Interpersonal

4. Roles & Responsibilities

RACI as Tool to Define Roles & Responsibilities

Safety Culture Example



Responsible: Carry out the work; execute the steps of the process

Accountable: The buck stops here; ensure steps are complete

<u>Consult</u>: If major changes to process need to be made; SMEs

<u>Inform</u>: Need to know; communicate to who and how

Select the key processes and potentially unclear processes to clarify

4. Roles and responsibilities

Describe the roles & responsibilities in your team



- Select 2 key processes
- Define the roles & responsibilities using the RACI tool
- Assign adhoc roles too



5. Key Stakeholders (management)

Why map and manage stakeholders?

- Gain organizational support and resources
- Leverage knowledge and capabilities
- Ensure external clarity and alignment with the team's work
 - External to the team
 - External to organization
- Test the team's thinking about its work and its Charter



5. Key Stakeholders (management)





Name/ Type	What must we work together or align on	What they need from us	What we need from them	Who is responsible for collaborating	How often do we need to meet and what format
Person / Group A Sponsor					
Person / Group B Influencer					
Person / Group C Collaborator					

Identify, analyze and plan engagement with 2 Stakeholders (groups)

Team Chartering

Next Steps

- Document charter
- Sign-off on Charter
- Put it in practice and keep one another honest
- Next to results do regular check-ins on below topics and adjust:
 - Contribution to Shared Vision
 - Operating guidelines in particular Trust Bank Account
 - Roles & Responsibilities

can dream it, you can do it."

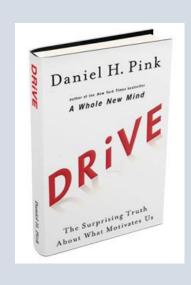
Walt Disney

And Remember...

Your role as leader is key

Your team members are professionals, hence they need:

- Autonomy
- Mastery
- Purpose



As leader you need to provide:

- Congruance
- Initiative
- Courage



Make sure that your team members are able and engaged

